

Diaspora-Friendly Payment Guide for Sending Money to Kenya

Method	Tax Status (U.S.)	Max Transfer Limit	Description	Recommended For	Platforms in Kenya
Bank Wire Transfer	✗ Exempt	No fixed limit (depends on sender's bank)	Direct transfer from U.S. bank to Kenyan bank via SWIFT. Secure and traceable.	Large payments, construction projects	NCBA Bank (Benchmarks official bank)
Credit/Debit Card Transfer	✗ Exempt	Varies by card issuer (typically up to \$10,000/day)	Use U.S. card on licensed platforms to send money. Fast and digital.	Monthly support, small-medium transactions	Western Union (card-funded), Wise, PayPal
Licensed Remittance Platforms	✗ Exempt	Up to KSh 500,000/day (Wise to bank); KSh 250,000/transfer to M-PESA	Online services regulated by U.S. law. Often offer good rates and speed.	Tech-savvy clients, regular transfers	Remitly, Wise, Sendwave, WorldRemit
M-PESA Global	✗ Exempt (if funded via card/bank)	KSh 150,000/transaction; KSh 500,000/day	Mobile money linked to global remittance partners. Instant delivery.	Everyday use, family support	M-PESA Global via Western Union, PayPal
Cash Transfers (in-person)	✓ Taxed (1%)	Varies by agent; often capped at \$5,000/day	Walk-in payments at U.S. agents using cash. Tax applies from Dec 31, 2025.	Avoid unless no other option	Western Union (cash), MoneyGram
Money Orders / Cashier's Checks	✓ Taxed (1%)	Typically \$1,000 per order	Prepaid paper instruments. Slower and taxed.	Not recommended for diaspora clients	U.S. Post Office, Walmart
Informal Agents / Hawala	✓ Taxed (1%)	Unregulated; no formal cap	Unlicensed, unregulated methods. Risky and now taxed.	Strongly discouraged	None (unofficial channels)

Tips for Benchmark Building Solutions US Clients:

-  Use **NCBA wire transfers** or **licensed platforms** for large construction payments.
-  For smaller milestones, **M-PESA Global** is fast and tax-free if funded via formal channels.
-  Avoid cash-based methods to prevent unnecessary 1% tax and reduce project costs.

In the US, President Donald Trump has shaken the job market with migration controls, deportations, and a new tax on remittances —the money migrants send home to their families from abroad.

President Trump's 'Big Beautiful Bill', which the US Senate passed in July, imposed a one percent tax on remittances, effective January 1, 2026.

Read: [How Trump plans to tax remittances from Kenyans in US](#)